
Web-Distributed, Geo-temporal, Integrated Information Systems The Apache County Experience

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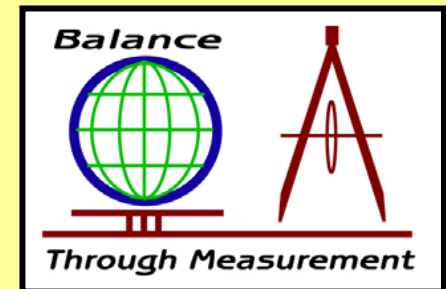
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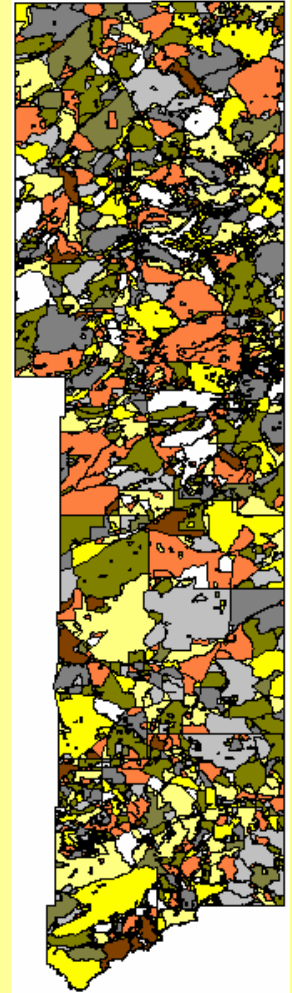


Apache County, Arizona

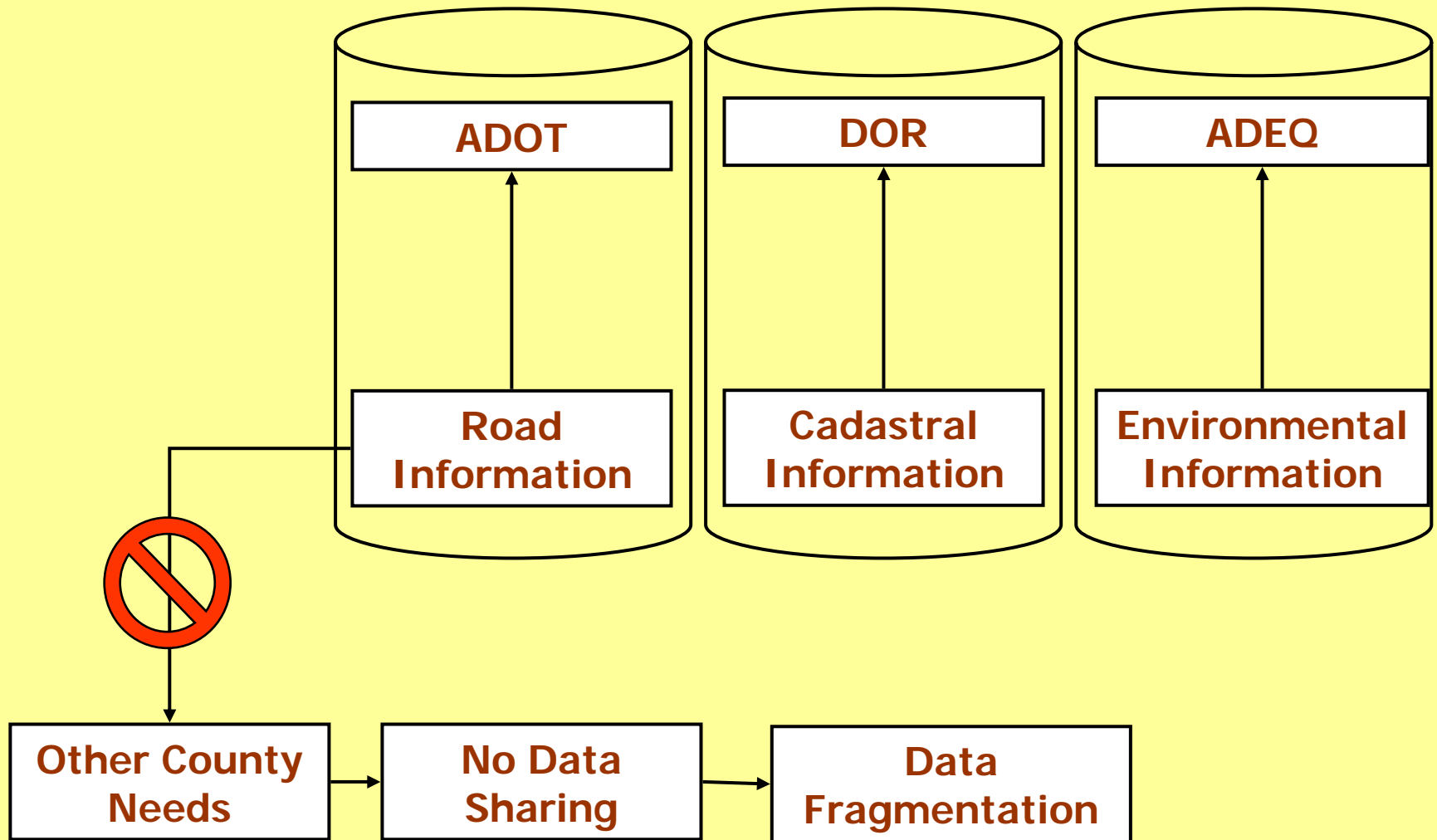
- North eastern stripe of Arizona
- Three supervision districts with 2 on the Navajo Nation
- District 3 contains 16,000 people
- Land area of 6000 square miles

Problem: Considerable land area and field assets to manage with very little funding or human resources

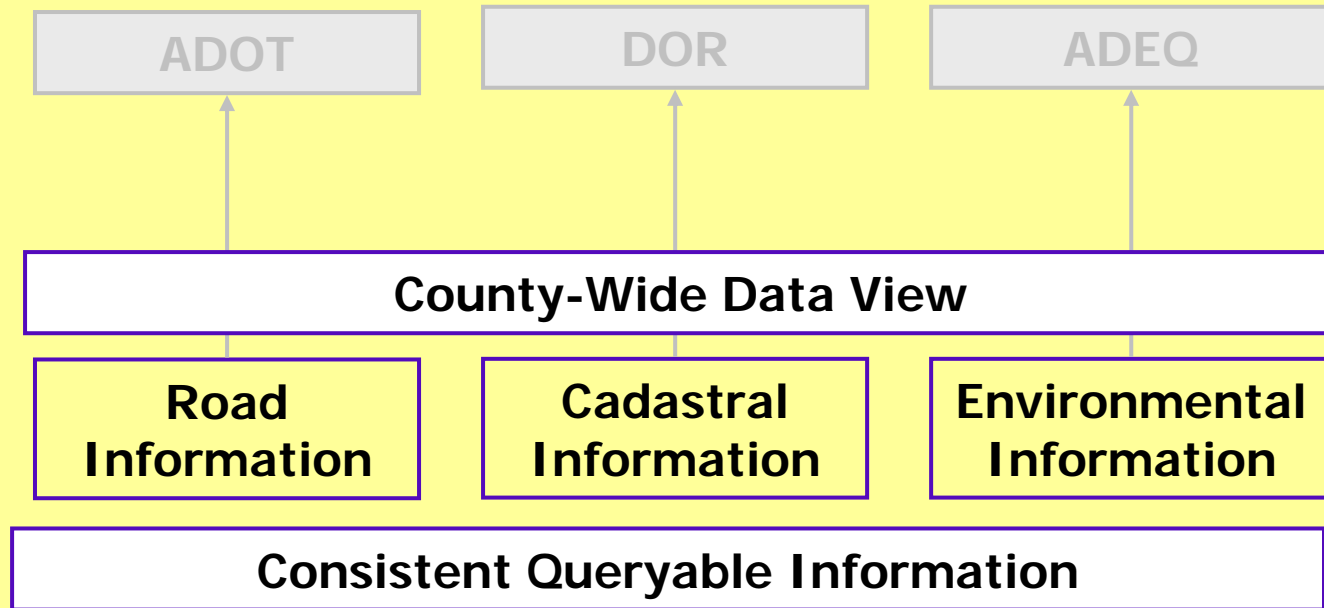
Solution: Lever limited human resources with information resources



Vertical Over Horizontal Information Flows:



County Information Configured for County Use:



Information System Goals

- Eliminate redundant & duplicate data
- Move to web-distributed environment and eliminate countless desktop applications and their maintenance fees
- Online transactions (OLTP) & online analysis (OLAP) in a temporal environment
- View roadway treatment history
- Exploit field work intuitive knowledge of location
- Reduce the workflow between business units
- Create a similar application feel between units
- Set an anchor to preserve & organize enterprise data

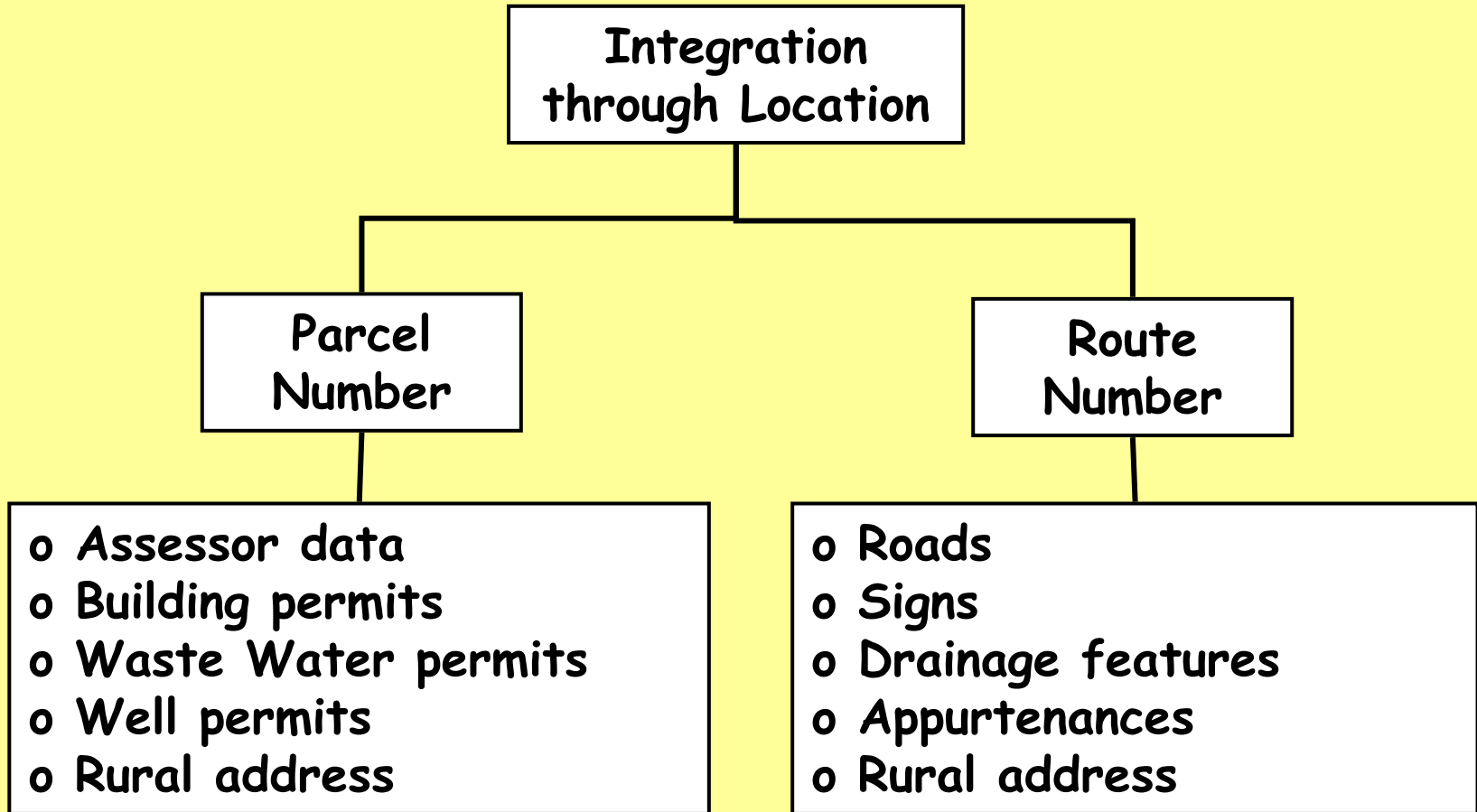


Design Approach:

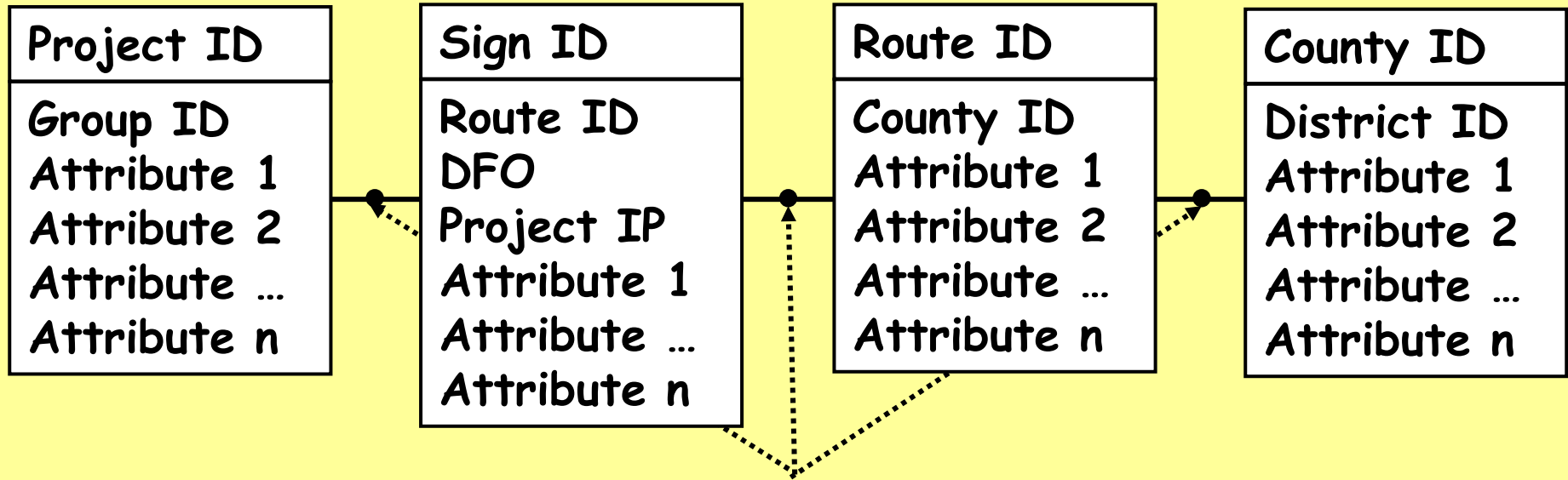
- Thin-client web environment
- Security manager to match CRUD roles with individual works & one or several dataset views
- Places GIS into a critical IT role



Two Common Location Parameters



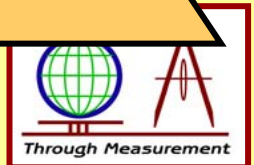
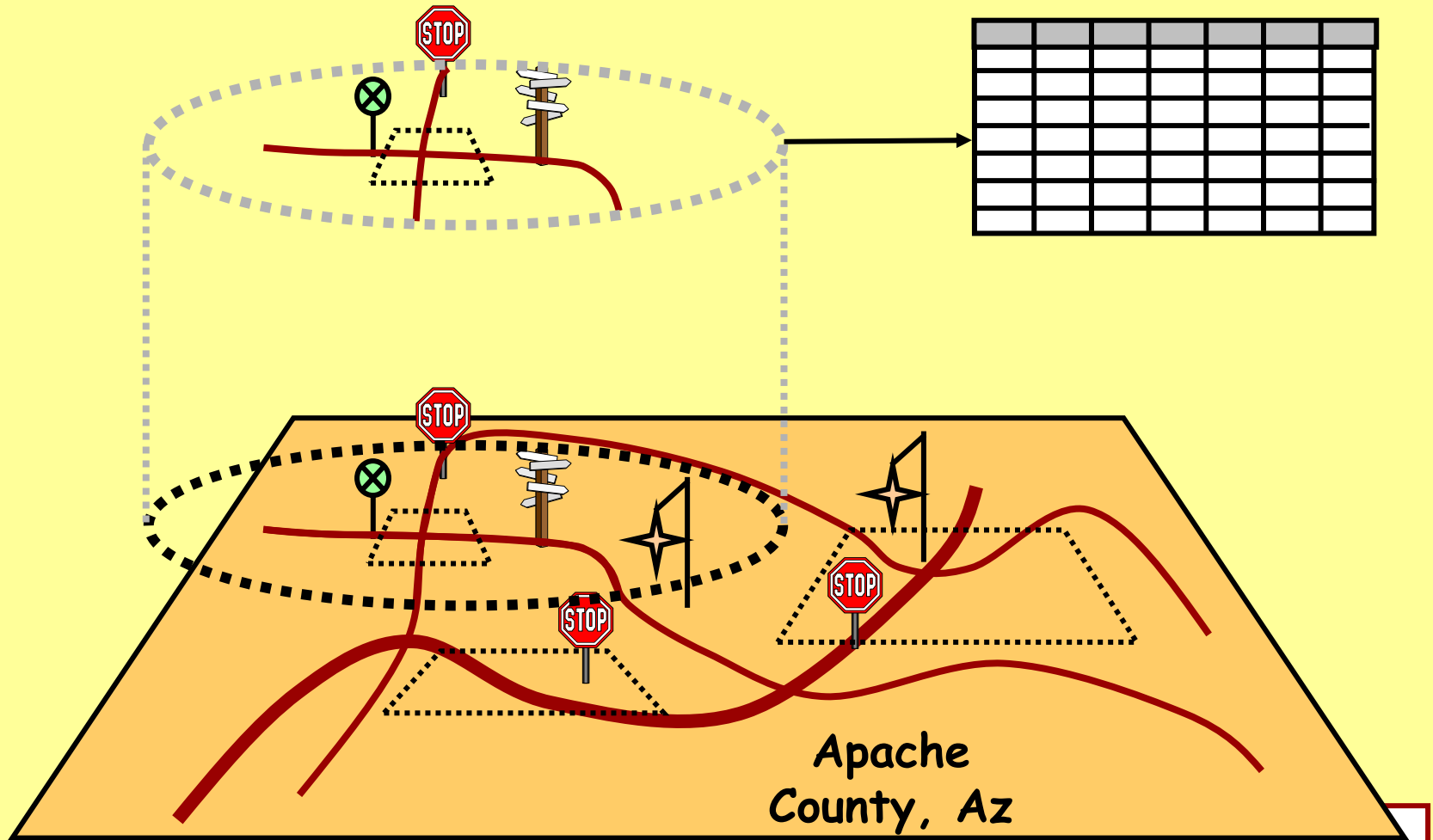
Topology & DB Relationships can be Problematic:



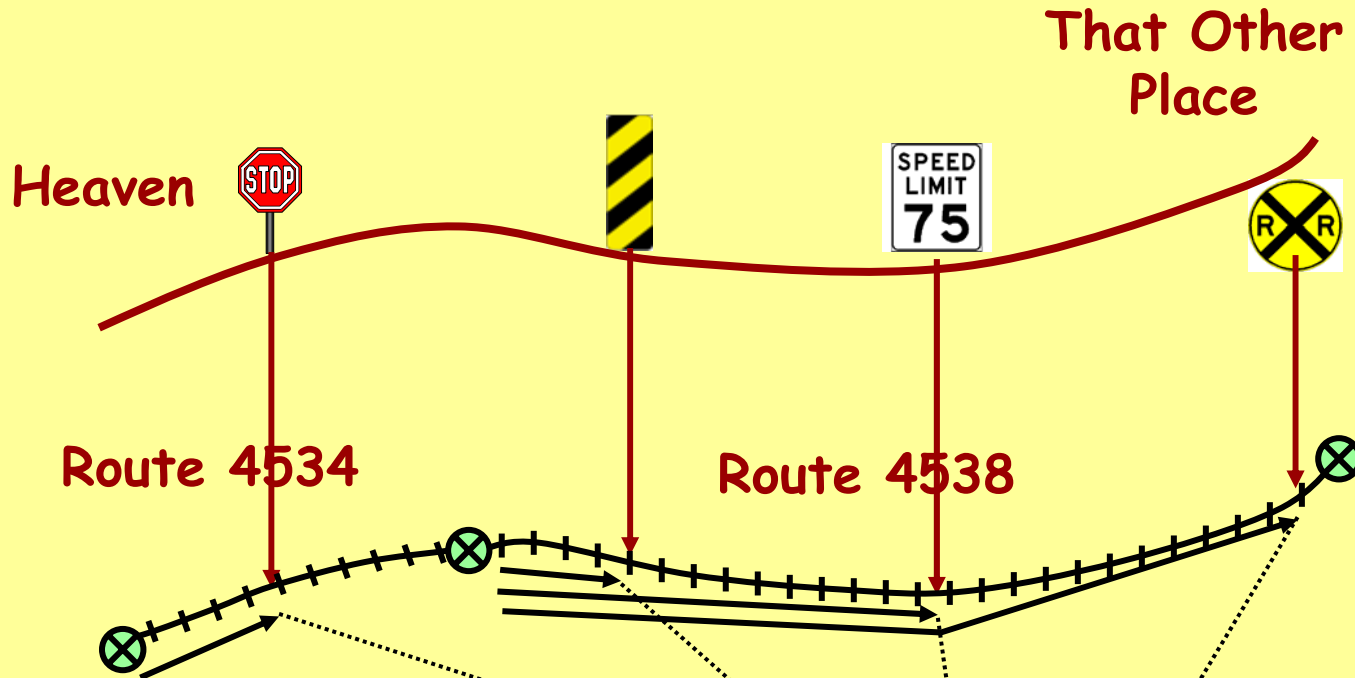
- Spatial topologies emphasize location description rather than through location itself
- Linkages between tables require maintenance
- “Real Data” are separated from “Spatial Data”
- Route systems must be maintained through directionality control and calibration



True Spatial Intersect Lassos Data within a Graphic Boundary



Relational Data Descriptions in Dynamic Segmentation:



Sign	MUTCD	Text	Route	DFO
1	R1-1	Stop	4534	7.34
2	OM-3R	Marker	4538	4.78
3	R2-1	75	4538	12.03
4	W10-1	RR	4538	26.43

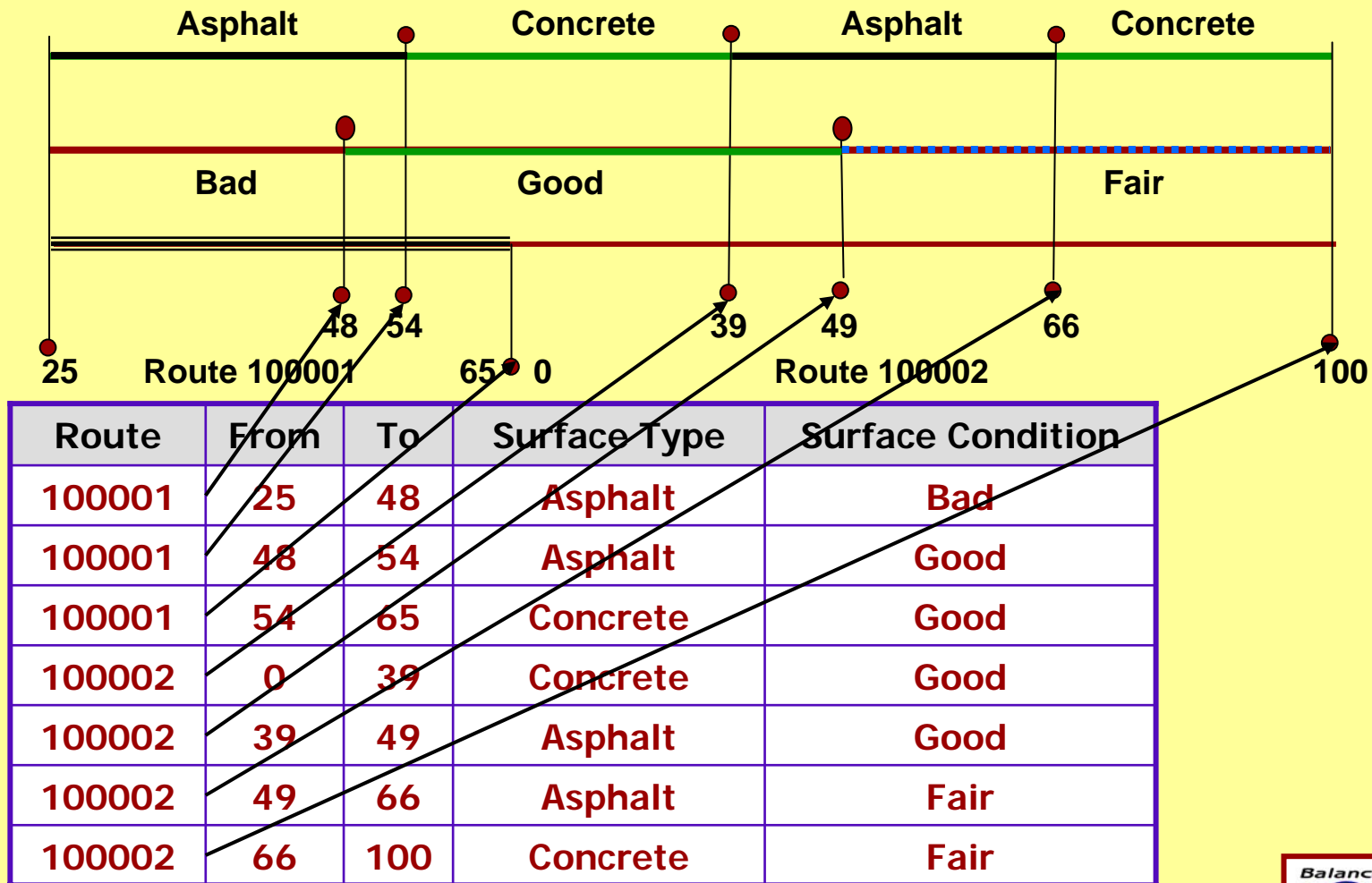


Problems with Relative References:

- Begin points are moved?
- Roadbeds shortened or lengthened?
- Renamed, acquired, or built?
- What if you need a Lat-Long?
- Past crashes referenced to route no longer in place?
- Track pavement through time?
- Create a real-time online transaction system?

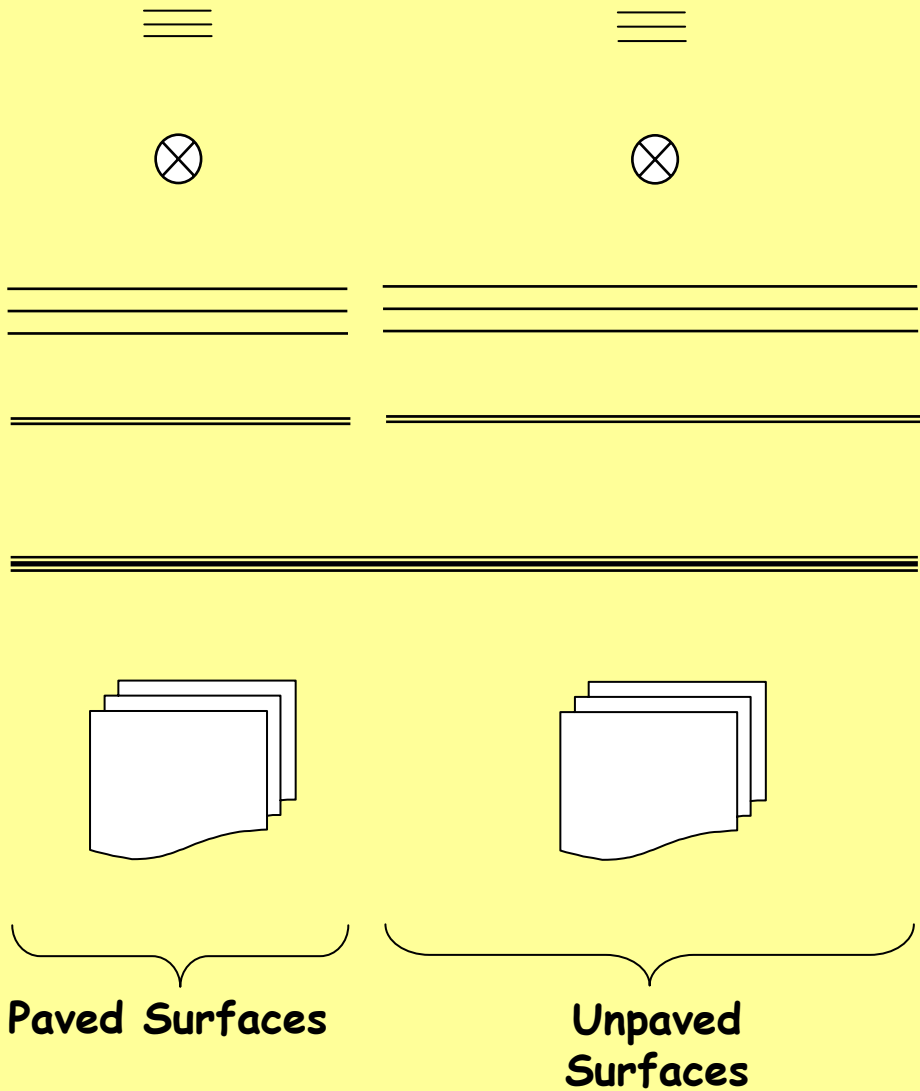


Dynamic Segmentation builds a Picture from Data



- Time stamp the birth and death of database objects
- Migrate from long-transaction layer editing to short-transaction editing of individual objects within the database
- Facilitates OLTP and OLAP GIS
- GIS adds functionality to IT rather than dragging it down
- GIS is spatial rather the special





Traffic Counts

Traffic Counters

Surface Treatment Layers

Surface Type Layer

Roadbed Inventory with Highway Route Name

Published County Level of Service and Highway Performance

Traffic Data

Engineering Data

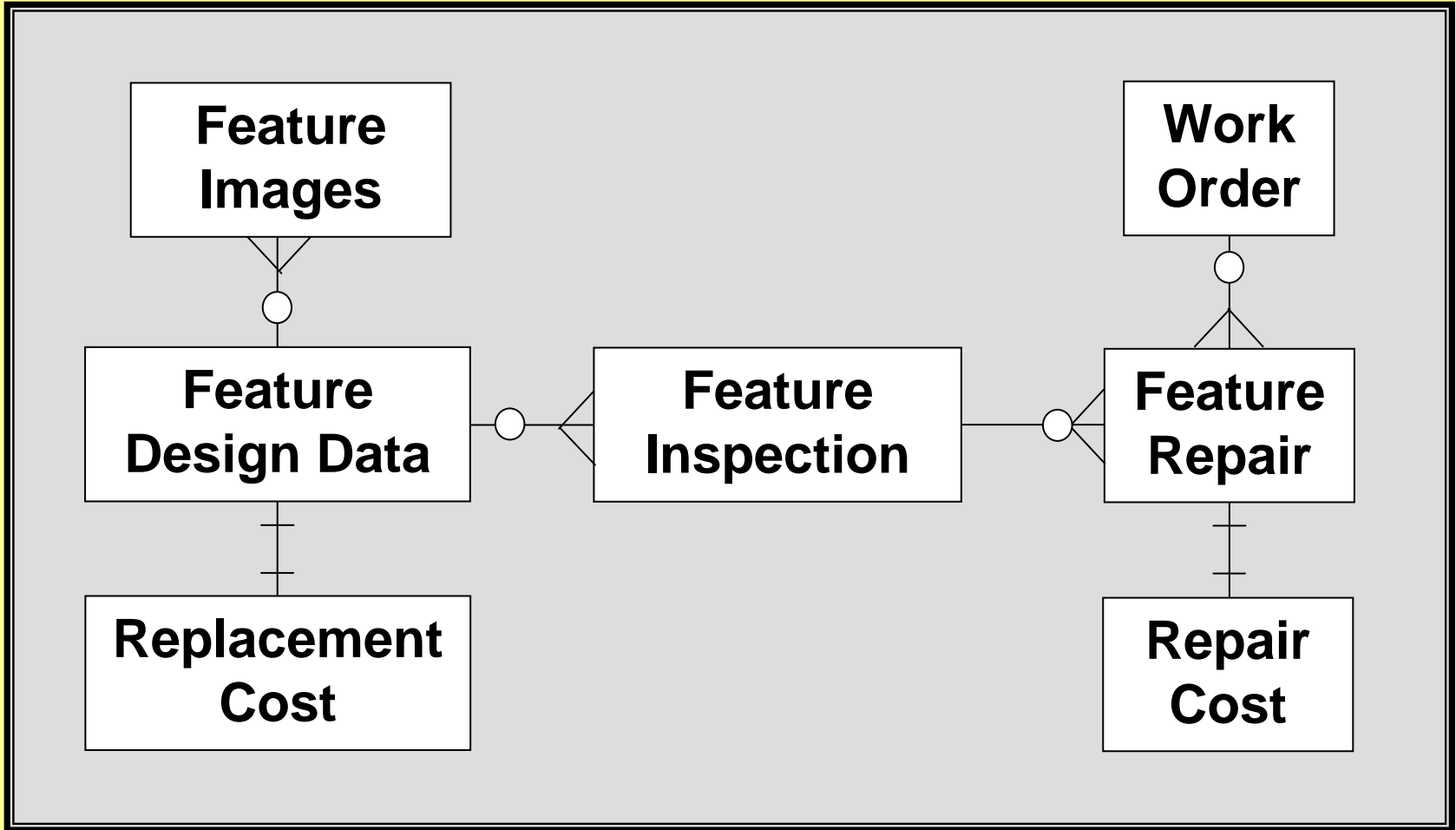
Inventory Data

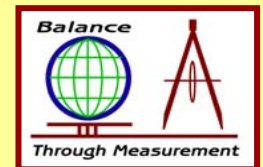
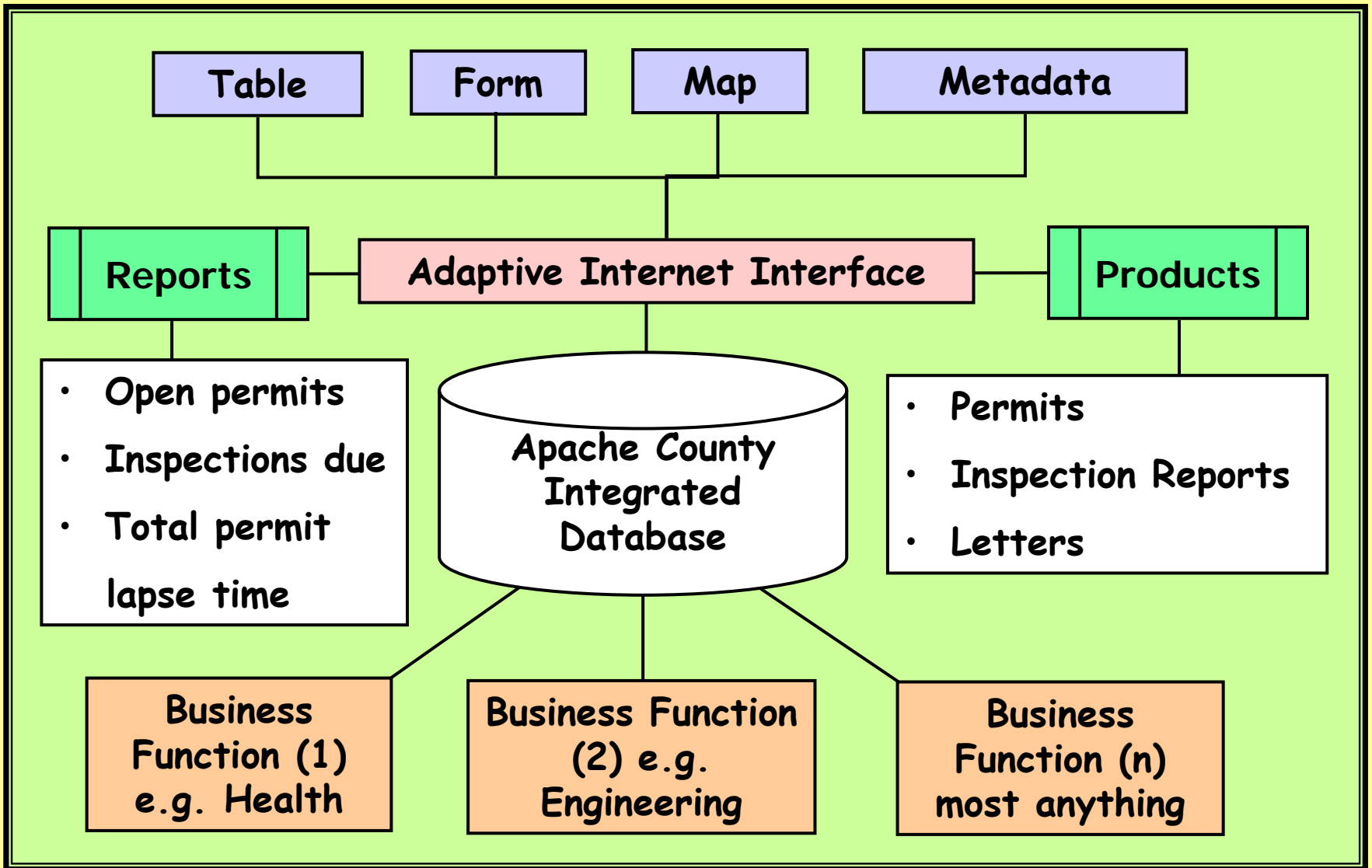
Performance Data

Paved Surfaces

Unpaved Surfaces







Benefits:

- Full temporal control is gained through the use of timed-stamped graphic objects.
- An LRS is not required, but data may be written to any LRS of choice.
- Pictures are stored rather than descriptions of pictures.



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